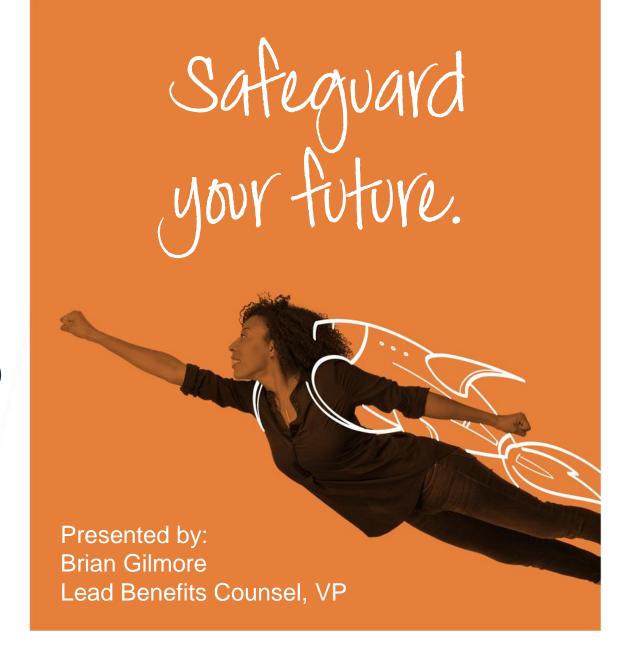


The San Francisco

Health Care Security Ordinance (HCSO) 2021 Edition







The HCSO generally requires employers with 20 or more employees (50 or more for non-profits) to make a minimum level of health care expenditures for employees performing at least eight hours of work per week in San Francisco.

Employer Size	2020 Rate	2021 Rate	172 Hours/Month 2021 Maximum
Large: 100+ Employees (Worldwide)	\$3.08/hour payable	\$3.18/hour payable	\$546.96/month \$1,640.88/quarter
Medium: Business w/ 20-99 Nonprofit w/ 50-99 (Worldwide)	\$2.05/hour payable	\$2.12/hour payable	\$364.64/month \$1,093.92/quarter
Small: Business w/ 0-19 Nonprofit w/ 0-49 (Worldwide)	Exempt	Exempt	Exempt





An employer is covered by the HCSO for any calendar quarter if it meets the following three conditions:

1

Employs one or more workers within the geographic boundaries of the City and County of San Francisco;

2

Is required to obtain a valid San Francisco business registration certificate pursuant to Article 12 of the Business and Tax Regulations Code, and

3

Is a for-profit business with 20 or more persons performing work **OR** a nonprofit organization with 50 or more persons performing work.

This includes all persons working for the entity, regardless of whether they are located in San Francisco or outside of the city.

Covered Employees

An employee is covered by the HCSO if s/he works for a Covered Employer and:

- Is entitled to be paid the minimum wage,
- Has been employed by his or her employer for at least 90 calendar days,
- Performs at least 8 hours of work per week within the geographic boundaries of San Francisco, and
- Does not meet one of the five exemption criteria.



Five Categories of Exempt Employees



1

Employees **who voluntarily waive** their right to have their employers make Health Care Expenditures for their benefit.

- 2
- Employees who qualify as managers, supervisors, or confidential employees AND earn more than the applicable salary exemption amount (2021: \$107,991 salary, \$51.92 hourly)
- 3
- Employees who are covered by Medicare or TRICARE (the health care program serving Uniformed Service members, retirees and their families). In order to claim these exemptions, an employer must be able to document employee eligibility.
- 4
- Employees who are employed by a non-profit corporation for up to one year as trainees in a <u>bona fide</u> <u>training program</u> consistent with federal law.
- 5

Employees who receive health care benefits pursuant to the San Francisco <u>Health Care Accountability</u> <u>Ordinance (HCAO)</u>.



HCSO Voluntary Waiver Form

- 1. Exact Employee Voluntary Waiver Form must be used. No edits!
- 2. No pressure or coercion from employer or coworkers. **Voluntary!**
- 3. Employee must complete section stating other coverage through spouse, domestic partner, or parent.
- 4. Waiver is **valid for a period of one year.** Effective date must be on or after signature date, and no later than four months from signature.
- 5. Employees may revoke waiver at any time and for any reason by submitting written revocation to employer.
- 6. Employers must provide the employee with a copy of the signed form.

Other forms provided by third-party vendors and health insurance carriers <u>cannot</u> be used in lieu of the City's Employee Voluntary Waiver form.



Employers may use electronic version of the form if all the following conditions are satisfied:

- 1. The text of the electronic form is identical to the office OLSE Employee Voluntary Waiver Form. **No edits or modifications!**
- 2. The employee can view the entire form when signing electronically. Signature can't be on a separate page from the form itself!
- 3. The website containing the form does not state or imply that that the employee is required to provide the form.
- 4. The employer retains a copy of the signed form for its records and also gives the employee a printed copy of the entire signed form.

Double-check the ben admin system to ensure it can meet all of these requirements if attempting to handle HCSO waivers signatures electronically.

HEALTH CARE SECURITY ORDINANCE EMPLOYEE VOLUNTARY WAIVER FORM

Updated November 1, 2017

ATTENTION EMPLOYEES: IF YOU COMPLETE THIS FORM, YOU ARE GIVING UP YOUR RIGHT TO RECEIVE HEALTH CARE SERVICES FROM THIS EMPLOYER

- You do not have to sign this form. It is unlawful for your employer to pressure you to sign this form. Signing this form may make you ineligible for health benefits you would otherwise be entitled to.
- Read the form carefully. If you have any questions about this form or your employer's
 obligations under the Health Care Security Ordinance, please call 415-554-7892 or visit
 www.sfgov.org/olse/hcso.
 Para asistencia en español, llame al 415-554-7892. 需要中文
 電助、調電554-7892

The San Francisco Health Care Security Ordinance requires this employer to make health care expenditures on your behalf, even if you already have health insurance and/or receive health care services from another employer. A health care expenditure is an amount of money paid by your employer to provide you with access to health care services. For example, your employer may:

- · make payments to enroll you in a health insurance program,
- make payments on your behalf to the City Option program (MRA or Healthy San Francisco), and/or
- · establish and maintain a reimbursement account for your health care expenses.

Your employer may request that you waive its legal obligations to spend money on health care services for you if you are currently receiving health care services from another employer. Your employer must obtain an updated and signed Voluntary Waiver Form from you each year that you agree to waive its legal obligations. Even if you receive health care services through another employer (ie, your other job, your spouse/domestic partner/parent's job), you are entitled to receive health care services from THIS employer. If you sign this form, you are telling this employer it can stop making a mandatory health care expenditure on your behalf Even if you choose to sign this form, you have the right to revoke or cancel it at any time.

ARE YOU ELIGIBLE TO WAIVE HEALTH CARE SERVICES?

Examples of Employees who should not sign this waiver are:

- · Employees who do not receive healthcare services from another employer
- People who pay for their own insurance out of pocket, or whose families pay for their insurance;
- · People who are uninsured:
- Medi-Cal recipients;
- Participants in county-run medical programs (ie, San Mateo County Health Plan, Health PAC (Alameda Co.), etc.

If you have questions about whether you are eligible to sign this waiver, please call 415-554-7892.

I acknowledge that I have read the above statement.

Employer Name: ______

Employee Name: Today's Date: ______



Best Practices

- Providing the HCSO Employee Voluntary Waiver Form to employees at two regular intervals is considered best practice
- Employees must complete the form annually to ensure it is always in effect (because it lasts for only a period of one year)
- Providing upon hire and each year at open enrollment ensures all periods are covered by the waiver for employees who choose to waive

1

New Hires

Provide the HCSO
Employee Voluntary
Waiver Form to **new**hires if they waive the
employer's group health
plan

2

Open Enrollment

Provide the HCSO
Employee Voluntary
Waiver Form annual at
open enrollment for
employees who waive
the employer's group
health plan



Model Language to Provide Employees With Waiver Form

Please find attached a copy of the San Francisco Health Care Security Ordinance Employee Voluntary Waiver Form. This purpose of this form is to waive your right to receive company contributions on your behalf to the City Option program, which generally is used to establish a Medical Reimbursement Account (MRA) in your name. Note that this waiver is different from your decision to waive the company's health plan coverage.

If you would like to waive your City Option contribution right, please complete the form and return it back to HR. The form is completely voluntary, valid for a period of one year if signed, and can be revoked at any time.

Exempt Categories: Managerial, Supervisory, and Confidential Employees



Employees who qualify as managers, supervisors, or confidential employees AND earn more than the applicable salary exemption amount (2021: \$107,991 salary, \$51.92 hourly rate)

(Note: Generally includes commissions but not overtime wages or bonuses)

Supervisory Employee Managerial Employee Confidential Employee An employee who has authority to An employee who has authority, in the An employee who acts in a formulate, determine, or effectuate interest of the employer, to hire, confidential capacity to formulate, employer policies by expressing and transfer, suspend, lay off, recall, determine, and effectuate making operative the decisions of the promote, discharge, assign, reward, management policies with regard to employer and who has discretion in or discipline other employees, or the labor relations, or regularly substitutes for employees having such duties. the performance of his/her job responsibility to direct them, or to independent of the employer's adjust their grievances, or effectively established policies. to recommend any such action, if the exercise of this authority or responsibility is not of a merely routine or clerical nature, but requires the use of independent judgment.





All the Following Examples Meet the Requirements of the HCSO

- Payments to a third party to provide health care services for the Covered Employee, such as payments for medical, dental, or vision insurance, or payments to a health care provider;
- Payments on behalf of the Covered Employee to the City Option;
- Contributions on behalf of the Covered Employee to a reimbursement program (subject to a number of complex ACA and HCSO limitations);
- Payments to the Covered Employee to reimburse the employee for costs incurred in the purchase of Health Care Services; and,
- Costs incurred by the employer in the direct delivery of health care services for the Covered Employee.

Payments made directly or indirectly for workers' compensation or Medicare benefits do <u>not</u> qualify as health care expenditures.



General Rule

Health care expenditures must be calculated separately for each covered employee.

Averaging Exception

- a. Divide the total monthly premium paid (use COBRA rate minus 2% admin fee for self-funded) for all employees covered by the uniform plan by the total number of employees covered by that plan, then
- b. Divide that number by 172 hours paid ("hours paid" per employee is capped at 172 hours in a single month).
 - The employer has the option of including only those employees covered by the HCSO or including all employees participating in the uniform plan, provided that all such employees receive the same health coverage or product.
 - Must perform a separate averaging for each "uniform plan" option (e.g., HMO low, HMO high, HDHP, PPO, etc.)



Scenario

- Employer offers group health plan coverage
- HCSO covered employee is eligible for the plan, but...
- The employee declines enrollment
 - Maybe because the employee is already covered through a spouse or parent

Has the employer satisfied its HCSO expenditure requirement?



Answer: No! (unless the employee signed the HCSO waiver)

A Covered Employer that establishes or maintains a health insurance program that requires contributions by a Covered Employee must do more than offer the Covered Employee an opportunity to participate in such a program. If the employee declines to participate in such a program, the employer must satisfy its Employer Spending Requirement in some other manner.



Scenario

- Employer offers group health plan coverage
- HCSO covered employee is not eligible for the plan
 - For example, the employee works only 8 hours per week
 - Employer plan eligibility set at 30 hours per week

Has the employer satisfied its HCSO expenditure requirement?



Answer: No! (unless the employee signed the HCSO waiver)

Q: I currently provide benefits to all full-time employees, but only provide benefits to part-time employees who work more than 20 hours per week. Does the HCSO require me to do more?

A: Probably. Employers are required to make minimum Health Care Expenditures for all Covered Employees working at least eight hours per week in San Francisco.



Scenario

- Employer offers group health plan coverage
- HCSO covered employee is eligible for the plan, but...
- Employer share of the premium for the employee's coverage is less than the HCSO hourly expenditure rate (either on an individualized basis, or under the averaging approach)

Has the employer satisfied its HCSO expenditure requirement?



Answer: No! (unless the employee signed the HCSO waiver)

- If the amount spent does not meet the minimum expenditure amount set by the HCSO, the Covered Employer must decide how it will spend the difference.
- The employer could choose a health insurance plan that provides more comprehensive benefits, such as dental and visions benefits, or increase its contribution towards the health care premiums while decreasing the portion paid by the employee.
- Another way to spend the remainder of the minimum spending requirement is to contribute to the City
 Option to create a Medical Reimbursement Account for the Covered Employees.



Health Care Expenditures must be made each quarter, within 30 days of the end of the preceding quarter.

First Quarter

January 1 – March 31

Second Quarter

April 1 – June 30

Third Quarter

July 1 – September 30

Fourth Quarter

October 1 – December 31



SF Medical Reimbursement Accounts (**SF MRAs**)

The employer's contribution is deposited in an irrevocable reimbursement account. Employees can obtain reimbursements from their MRAs for a full range of medical, dental, vision expenses, including reimbursements for the cost of insurance premiums.

Healthy San Francisco

If an employee is eligible for Healthy San Francisco (HSF), the employer's payment may be applied towards the Employee's HSF enrollment, and the employee may receive a discount on Healthy San Francisco program participation fees. To be eligible for HSF, the employee must live in San Francisco, s/he must be uninsured, and s/he must not qualify for public health insurance programs (such as Medi-Cal).



Make contributions to the City Option at the "Employer Portal" http://sfcityoption.org/employers/employerportal



SF MRA Overview

Employer contributions to the City Option will in almost all cases fund a San Francisco Medical Reimbursement Account (SF MRA) on the employee's behalf

- Think of the SF MRA as the equivalent of an irrevocable HRA maintained by the City (and administered by a TPA)
 that is designed to reimburse any out-of-pocket medical expenses incurred by the employee
- Searchable list of eligible SF MRA expenses: http://sfcityoption.org/employeeresources/medical-reimbursement-accounts/mraexpenseguide/

There is no annual use-it-or-lose-it rule or loss of coverage upon termination of employment that applies to the SF MRA

- All contributions are irrevocable and will never be returned to the employer
- There is a \$2.75/month administrative free charged to the SF MRA
- Employees must file at least one claim every 24 months to keep the account open—but can reinstate the account in full upon request to the City

Make contributions to the City Option at the "Employer Portal" http://sfcityoption.org/employers/employerportal



City Option Contribution Overview

Employers subject to the SF HCSO must make quarterly contributions to the City Option for covered employees

- Required where the employer is not satisfying the required hourly health care expenditure through the group health plan (and no exemption applies)
- Payments are due within 30 days after the end of each quarter

Most Common Scenario

- Required where the employee waives the group health plan and
 - Is not a manager/supervisor with compensation in excess of threshold and
 - Does not complete the Employee Voluntary Waiver Form



How to Pay

Employers must make quarterly payments to the City Option via the Employer Portal.

http://sfcityoption.org/employers/employerportal/

Payments made via mailed check or EFT online payment.





One-Time Confirmation Notice to Employees

Employers must provide employees with a Health Care Payment Confirmation Notice after their first payment to the City Option on the employee's behalf.

https://sfcityoption.org/files/Health-Care-Payment-Confirmation_ENG.pdf

May be delivered by mail, email, or hand delivery.



For more information about the

WATCH FOR YOUR WELCOME LETTER IN THE MAIL

You are not yet enrolled in an SF City Option health care program. SF City Option will mail you instructions on what you need to do to start the enrollment process.

If you don't receive a welcome letter within the next few weeks or have program questions, call Customer Service at 1(415) 615-5720.

The San Francisco Health Care Security Ordinance (HCSO) requires your employer to make health care expenditures on your behalf. For more information about the HCSO, visit: https://sfgov.org/olse/health-care-security-ordinance-hcso

> Este aviso esta disponible en Español en www.sfcityoption.org 這份中文通告可以在以下 網頁獲得: www.sfcityoption.org Ang paunawang ito ay magagamit sa Tagalog www.sfcityoption.org

Instructions for Employers:

Fill out the section below and give this notice to the employee after your first payment to SF City Option on the employee's behalf.

SF City Option will provide you confirmation of your payment. Give your employees this notice after you receive payment
confirmation from SF City Option.

Business Name:	
Payment Clearance Date:	





Payment Process

http://sfcityoption.org/employers/makeapayment/

Searchable List of SF MRA Eligible Expenses

http://sfcityoption.org/employeeresources/medical-reimbursement-accounts/mraexpenseguide/

Overview of the SF MRA

http://sfcityoption.org/employeeresources/medical-reimbursement-accounts/

How to Access SF MRA Funds

http://sfcityoption.org/employeeresources/medical-reimbursement-accounts/how-to-access-your-mra-funds/

How to Access SF MRA Funds

http://sfcityoption.org/employeeresources/medical-reimbursement-accounts/submit-a-claim/

Make contributions to the City Option at the "Employer Portal"

http://sfcityoption.org/employers/employerportal/



Recent HCSO changes also require that all employer health care expenditures be irrevocable (e.g., not HRA contributions) after completion of the three-year phase-in process:

2015

At least **60%** of the required health care expenditures are irrevocable.

2016

At least **80%** of the required health care expenditures are irrevocable.

2017 Forward

100% of the required health care expenditures are irrevocable.

A few examples of Irrevocable Expenditures include:

- Payments to an insurance provider for medical, dental, or vision insurance premiums
- Contributions to the <u>City Option</u>; and
- Contributions to HSAs





Every *Covered Employer* must post the <u>Official OLSE Notice</u> in a conspicuous place at *any* workplace or job site where *any* Covered Employee works.

Covered Employers must post the Official OLSE Notice. Drafting and posting a different version will not satisfy the requirement of the law.

Every Covered Employer is required to post the Official Notice in English, Spanish, and Chinese.

- The front of the Official OLSE Notice includes these three languages.
- Every Covered Employer must also post the Official Notice in any other language spoken by at least five percent of the employees at the workplace or job site.



Covered Employers must keep, for a period of four years from each Covered Employee's dates of employment, the following records:

- Itemized pay statements;
- The employee's address, telephone number, date of first day of work;
- Records of Health Care Expenditures made, including calculations of Health Care Expenditures required under the law for each Covered Employee and proof documenting that such expenditures were made each quarter of each year;
- Documentation supporting the exemption of an employee from coverage, such as a signed Employee Voluntary
 Waiver Form for each employee for whom the employer is claiming an exemption from the Employer Spending
 Requirement; and
- Covered Employers must also demonstrate that the Required Health Care Expenditures were made quarterly, unless
 they meet the requirements of the exception for self-funded plans.



Covered Employers must submit an Annual Reporting Form to the OLSE by April 30th of each year.

Covered Employers who fail to make a timely submission will be in violation of the HCSO and shall be subject to penalties.

The 2020 Annual Reporting Form is due by April 30, 2021.

Note that the 2019 Annual Reporting Form was cancelled due to the Covid-19 pandemic.



Violation of the HCSO	Maximum Administrative Penalty	
Failure to make the required minimum Health Care Expenditures within five business days of the quarterly due date (30 days after the conclusion of each quarter)	\$100.00 for each employee for each quarter that the violation occurred. This maximum penalty will increase each year for inflation	
Failure to submit the Annual Reporting Form	\$500.00 for each quarter that the violation occurs	
Retaliation against employees	\$100.00 for each person who is the target of the prohibited action for each day the violation occurs	
Refusing to allow OLSE access to employer records	\$25.00 for each worker whose records are not provided for each day the violation occurs	
Failure to maintain or retain accurate and complete records	\$500.00	



The San Francisco Health Care Security Ordinance

The intent of this analysis is to provide the recipient with general information regarding the status of, and/or potential concerns related to, the recipient's current employee benefits issues. This analysis does not necessarily fully address the recipient's specific issue, and it should not be construed as, nor is it intended to provide, legal advice. Furthermore, this message does not establish an attorney-client relationship. Questions regarding specific issues should be addressed to the person(s) who provide legal advice to the recipient regarding employee benefits issues (e.g., the recipient's general counsel or an attorney hired by the recipient who specializes in employee benefits law).

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